

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, September 27.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, trace.
Temperature, Max. 83; Min. 75. Weather, fair.

SUGAR—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4c.; Per Ton, \$80.00.
88 Analysis Beets; 9s. 7 1-2d.; Per Ton, \$80.20.

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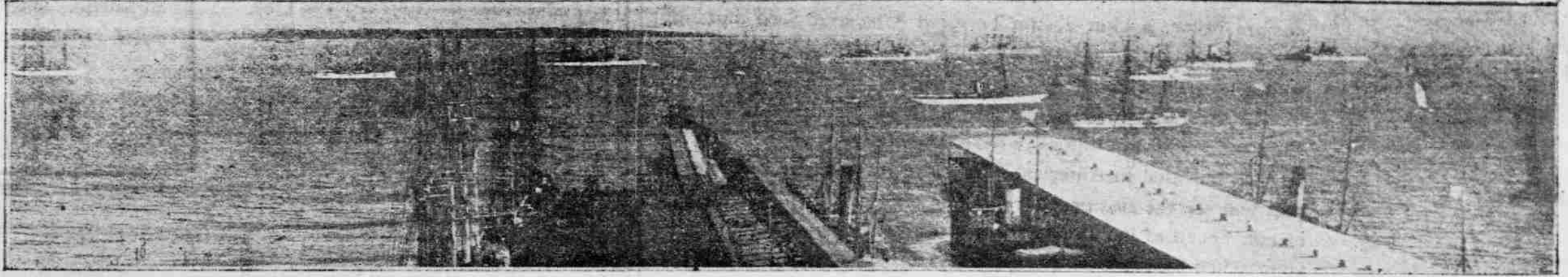
HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1906.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE STORM OF THE CENTURY IS RAGING AT PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

LOSSES OF MILLIONS

Wreckage and Debris
on Wharves and
in Streets



THE HARBOR OF PENSACOLA.

(Associated Press Cablegram.)

PENSACOLA, Fla., September 28.—The worst storm of the century is raging here. The property loss already amounts to three millions of dollars. The waterfront is strewn with wreckage but the reports of loss of life are unconfirmed. Wharves are destroyed, lighting and telegraph systems are prostrated and the streets are filled with debris.

GIBBON LOOKING FOR SAN PEDRO COMMERCE

S. F. Call: The sudden sailing of T. S. Gibbon, general counsel for the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad, for Honolulu on the Sierra last Thursday, has set Los Angeles and Southern California agog over the belief that Senator W. A. Clark is about to establish the long predicted line of steamships from San Pedro to the Orient. Gibbon said on sailing that his was to be a trip of pleasure only, but Southern Californians refuse to believe that there is not significance in his movements, especially in the light of his recent trip to China and Japan, and Clark's known wish for a line of steamships across the Pacific. Gibbon but recently returned from an extended trip through the Orient. While there he studied trade conditions in Japan and China. On his way back to Los Angeles he stopped at Honolulu and carefully looked over the exporting and importing field there. He has been in communication with large merchants across the Pacific for some time and it is said that these letters were written with the object of finding out how much trade he could bring to San Pedro at the outset if Clark started his vessels. San Pedro is the terminal of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad, and

Clark's line, and trans-Pacific freight would add greatly to its profits. The Clark interests hired an English vessel to make the trip from San Pedro to Japan three months ago as a sort of experiment. This ship, however, met with accidents en route and the test was not at all conclusive.

WILL DELAY MANCHURIA

A regrettable accident occurred yesterday on the S. S. Manchuria, one of the principal pieces made for the repairing of her engines breaking while being put into place. As a result a new piece will have to be made and the final survey of the vessel before her departure delayed for at least five days. The break was in the main throttle valve, one of the heaviest pieces turned out for the temporary repairs by the Honolulu Iron Works, the making of which has occupied a force of men night and day for the past twelve days.

Where the fault comes in is not determined, the break occurring when the piece of machinery was being clamped into place, and it will require an investigation to determine whether the manner of placing it was wrong.

Fortunately the pattern for the valve is preserved, which will make the turning out of a duplicate an easier job than the manufacture of the original.

HOW MOLOKANS DO UP THE CALIFORNIA PROMOTERS

Mr. Warren Wilson, one of the visiting editors, was deeply interested while here, in the stories told him of the Molokans. "I know those people," he said, "and I was not at all surprised at the way your experiment with them turned out. It was my fortune to take them to look at some lands in northern California awhile ago; indeed to settle them on the lands, but they didn't stay long. A savings bank of Los Angeles was financing the matter and I was employed to look after the details. The Molokans seemed satisfied with the tract, signed contracts and settled down. But in a week they were clamoring for cows. When they got these they called on the bank to supply each family with a double-team, so they could plow. Then they wanted the plows to be given them. Mind you, they were to supply these things themselves, after getting the land. Right after they had signed up and taken possession, they astonished us by asking to be shown some lands in Kansas, they had heard of. It didn't take long for my bank to sicken of these people and when I showed it an Advertiser, with an account of your experiences with the Molokans, that institution and the guileless Russians parted company. The last I knew of this peculiar people they were accepting invitations to look at some land in Mexico. In fact, the Molokans have managed to see a large part of the continent at no expense to themselves and are rarely obliged to pay for their own feed. They are the greatest bunko propositions we have over our way."

M'CLANAHAN AND WOODS

Hawaii Senator Finds Himself in Hot Water.

Honolulu, Sept. 27, 1906.

To the Chairman and Members of the Territorial Central Committee of the Democratic Party.

Gentlemen: In my letter of acceptance handed to you on yesterday I required in return for the obligations assumed by me, "the active loyal support of every Democrat in the Territory." This letter was given wide publicity by the afternoon press of Honolulu on the day of its date.

In The Pacific Commercial Advertiser of this morning my letter is also published under the heading "McClanahan Can't Win," and preceded by an interview with Mr. Palmer Woods, National Committeeman of the Democratic Party of Hawaii, in which that gentleman is quoted, as follows:

"Will we make an active campaign on Hawaii for McClanahan for Congress? Well, I don't see how we can. Even McClanahan doesn't take a very rosy view of the prospect. I don't believe that in Kohala McClanahan would scare up twelve votes. It is a very peculiar situation over there. Today the Hawaiians may be all shouting Democracy and tomorrow they will vote for Home Ruleism."

The office which I represent in my candidacy is the only Federal office given to the choice of the voters of our Territory. The associations surrounding it are Federal and more largely partisan than those of any other elective office open to the votes of our people. Fealty to it is symbolic of fealty to the National Party to a greater degree than is shown in any other office; perjury to it is perjury to the National Party as a whole and to a degree, (if there can be degrees in treachery) most hateful. Violation of allegiance in one on whom the obligation of duty is conspicuous only placed, calls for instant public condemnation, for to wink at treachery from high places is to invite it from the rank and file. These are entirely impersonal views and my expression of them is wholly disassociated from any personal motive. Mr. Woods and myself are socially friends, and I regret that any influence should have so warped his conception of

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POLICE AND GAMBLERS

Supervisor Says Officers Are Unworthy of Commissions.

The police department figured considerably in last night's proceedings of the Board of Supervisors.

A bill for \$750 for the month's expenses was passed.

It was made out for \$75 more, but Supervisor Dwight shied at a voucher calling for payment of \$75 to Pete Baron, the "Human Cork."

The voucher was unspecific in its statement of services rendered and it will be subjected to the scrutinous gaze of the police committee.

That committee, by the way, takes an awful time to look up little matters referred to it. Take the Piliuala alleged phony voucher, for instance.

This voucher called for a lump of salary for Piliuala which Lucas plainly stated had not been earned and was simply political remuneration. It was referred to a committee for investigation and speedy report, but the committee seems to be loath, for some reason, to act in the matter, asking for more time at every meeting. It seems to be a case of two eyes on the votes and none on the voucher.

Archer in the course of the evening called attention to the fact that more than twenty employees of the police department were at present having their salaries garnished. He did not think such men fit or qualified to be officers of the law.

The session closed with much business of a more or less routine nature transacted.

Present were Chairman Smith, Supervisors Dwight, Lucas, Archer, Cox, Moore, Paele; Clerks Kalaokalani, Buffandeau, Hanalei; Stenographer Aea, Capt. S. Johnson, S. Mahelona, Attorney Kellogg.

BILLS.

The following bills were passed:
Fixed salaries, \$1670.
County Clerk, \$310.
County Attorney, \$735.
County Auditor, \$120.
County Treasurer, \$120.
County Engineer, \$255.
Poundmaster, \$30.
Keepers of parks, \$200.
Electric light department, \$716.25.
Police and fire alarm system, \$115.
Kaplanani Park, \$350.
Koolapoko road district, \$135.

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HAVANA EXPECTS UNCLE SAM TO MARCH IN TODAY

Preparations Are Complete for the Landing of the Marines—President Roosevelt Is Still Hopeful of the Situation.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

HAVANA, September 28.—Intervention is expected today. Preparations are complete for the landing of marines.

THE PRESIDENT HOPEFUL.

OYSTER BAY, September 28.—President Roosevelt is still hopeful of the Cuban situation. He is preparing to make a 48-hour visit to Admiral Evans' fleet off the Massachusetts coast.

FUNSTON ON THE GROUND.

HAVANA, September 27.—American intervention is believed to be near. Compromise seems to be impossible. Secretary Taft may proclaim himself temporary Governor of the island. General Funston has arrived.

SHUSTER FOR PHILIPPINES.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—Morgan Shuster has been appointed a member of the Philippine Commission.

AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT.

STOESSEL HAS RESIGNED.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 27.—General Stoessel, who was the Russian commander at Port Arthur during the war, has resigned from the army.

PORTO RICANS ARE SHAKEN.

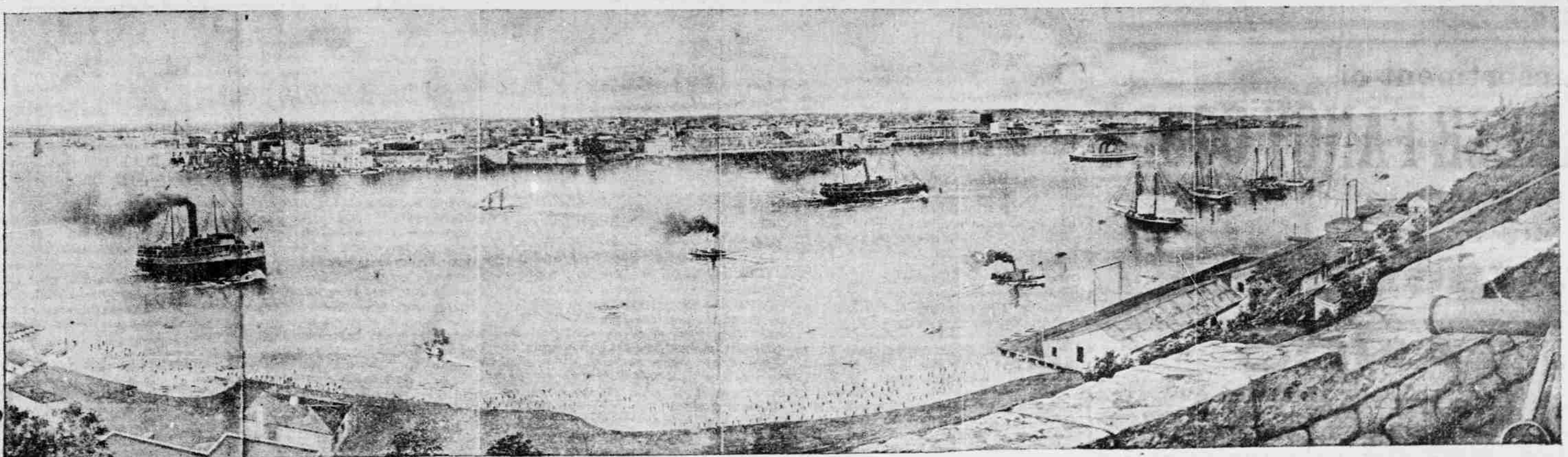
SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, September 27.—Serious earthquake shocks have caused great alarm. No damage has been done.

RAID ON MEXICAN TOWN.

JIMINEZ, Mexico, September 27.—Raiders have imprisoned the town officials and are in possession of the place. Several persons are reported killed in the raid.

WEBER PAYS THE PENALTY.

POLSOM, September 27.—Adolph Weber was hanged here today for the murder of his mother. He also killed his father, sister and brother, burning the house with the bodies in it. The only case tried was for the killing of Mrs. Weber. The murders were committed in November, 1904.



HARBOR AND CITY OF HAVANA FROM MORRO CASTLE.